

Celcon® GC10 is a glass coupled formulation containing 10% glass fiber reinforcement for improved strength and stiffness (for even better mechanical properties; please consider Hostaform® C 9021 GV1/10).

Celcon® GC10 is a glass coupled formulation containing 10% glass fiber reinforcement for improved strength and stiffness (for even better mechanical properties, please consider Hostaform® C 9021 GV1/10). Chemical abbreviation according to ISO 1043-1: POM

Product information			
Part Marking Code	POM		ISO 11469
Rheological properties			
Moulding shrinkage range, parallel Moulding shrinkage range, normal	0.9 1.2	% %	ISO 294-4, 2577 ISO 294-4, 2577
Typical mechanical properties			
Tensile Modulus Stress at break, 5mm/min Strain at break, 5mm/min Flexural Modulus Flexural Stress at 3.5% Charpy impact strength, 23°C Charpy impact strength, -30°C Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C Izod notched impact strength, 23°C <b>Thermal properties</b> Melting temperature, 10°C/min	4500 75 3 4250 115 38 45 4.5 4.5 4.8	MPa MPa % MPa kJ/m <sup>2</sup> kJ/m <sup>2</sup> kJ/m <sup>2</sup> kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 178 ISO 178 ISO 179/1eU ISO 179/1eU ISO 179/1eA ISO 180/1A
Vicat softening temperature, 50 °C/h, 50N Coeff. of linear therm. expansion, parallel Coeff. of linear therm. expansion, normal	155 161 53 120	°C °C E-6/K E-6/K	ISO 75-1/-2 ISO 306 ISO 11359-1/-2 ISO 11359-1/-2
Other properties			
Humidity absorption, 2mm Water absorption, 2mm Density	0.2 0.8 1470	% % kg/m³	Sim. to ISO 62 Sim. to ISO 62 ISO 1183
Injection			
Drying Temperature Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer Max. mould temperature Back pressure Injection speed	100 - 120 3 - 4 90 - 120 2 slow	°C h °C MPa	



#### Additional information

Injection molding

Standard reciprocating screw injection molding machines with a high compression screw (minimum 3:1 and preferably 4:1) and low back pressure (0.35 Mpa/50 PSI) are favored. Using a low compression screw (i.e.- general purpose 2:1 compression ratio) can result in unmelted particles and poor melt homogeneity. Using a high back pressure to make up for a low compression ratio may lead to excessive shear heating and deterioration of the Celcon material.

Melt temperature: preferred range 182-199 C (360-390 F) Melt temperature should never exceed 230 C (450 F).Mold surface temperature: preferred range 93-121 C (200-250 F) especially with wall thickness less than 1.5 mm (0.060 in.). May require mold temperature as high as 120 C (250 F) to reproduce mold surface or to assure minimal molded in stress. Wall thickness greater than 3 mm (1/8 in.) may use a cooler (65 C/150 F) mold surface temperature and wall thickness over 6 mm (1/4 in.) may use a cold mold surface down to 25 C (80 F). In general, mold surface temperatures lower than 82 C (180 F) may produce a hazy surface or a surface with flow lines, pits and other included defects.





Stress-strain







#### Secant modulus-strain





Processing Texts	
Pre-drying	Drying is not normally required. If material has come in contact with moisture through improper storage or handling or through regrind use, drying may be necessary to prevent splay and odor problems.
Injection molding	Standard reciprocating screw injection molding machines with a high compression screw (minimum 3:1 and preferably 4:1) and low back pressure (0.35 Mpa/50 PSI) are favored. Using a low compression screw (i.e general purpose 2:1 compression ratio) can result in unmelted particles and poor melt homogeneity. Using a high back pressure to make up for a low compression ratio may lead to excessive shear heating and deterioration of the Celcon material.
	Melt temperature: preferred range 182-199 C (360-390 F) Melt temperature should never exceed 230 C (450 F).Mold surface temperature: preferred range 93-121 C (200-250 F) especially with wall thickness less than 1.5 mm (0.060 in.). May require mold temperature as high as 120 C (250 F) to reproduce mold surface or to assure minimal molded in stress. Wall thickness greater than 3 mm (1/8 in.) may use a cooler (65 C/150 F) mold surface temperature and wall thickness over 6 mm (1/4 in.) may use a cold mold surface down to 25 C (80 F). In general, mold surface temperatures lower than 82 C (180 F) may produce a hazy surface or a surface with flow lines, pits and other included defects.
Injection molding Preprocessing	Drying is generally not required because Celcon materials are not hydroscopic nor are they degraded by moisture during processing. Excessive moisture can lead to splay (silver streaking) in molded parts. For better uniformity in molding especially when using regrind or material that has been stored in containers open to the atmosphere, recommended drying conditions are 80 C (180 F) for three hours. Desiccant hopper dryers are not required. Max. water content = $0.35\%$ .
Injection molding Postprocessing	Postprocessing conditioning and moisturizing not required. It may be necessary to fixture large or complicated parts with varying wall thickness to prevent warpage while cooling to ambient temperature.